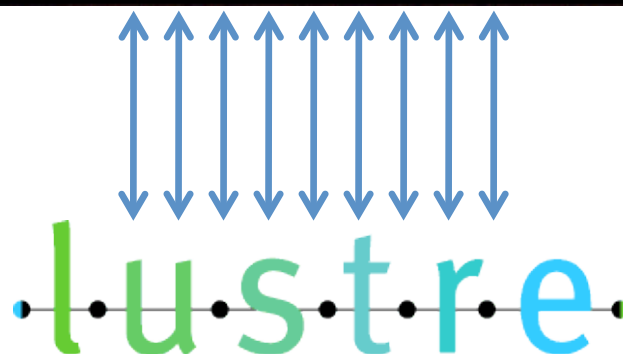
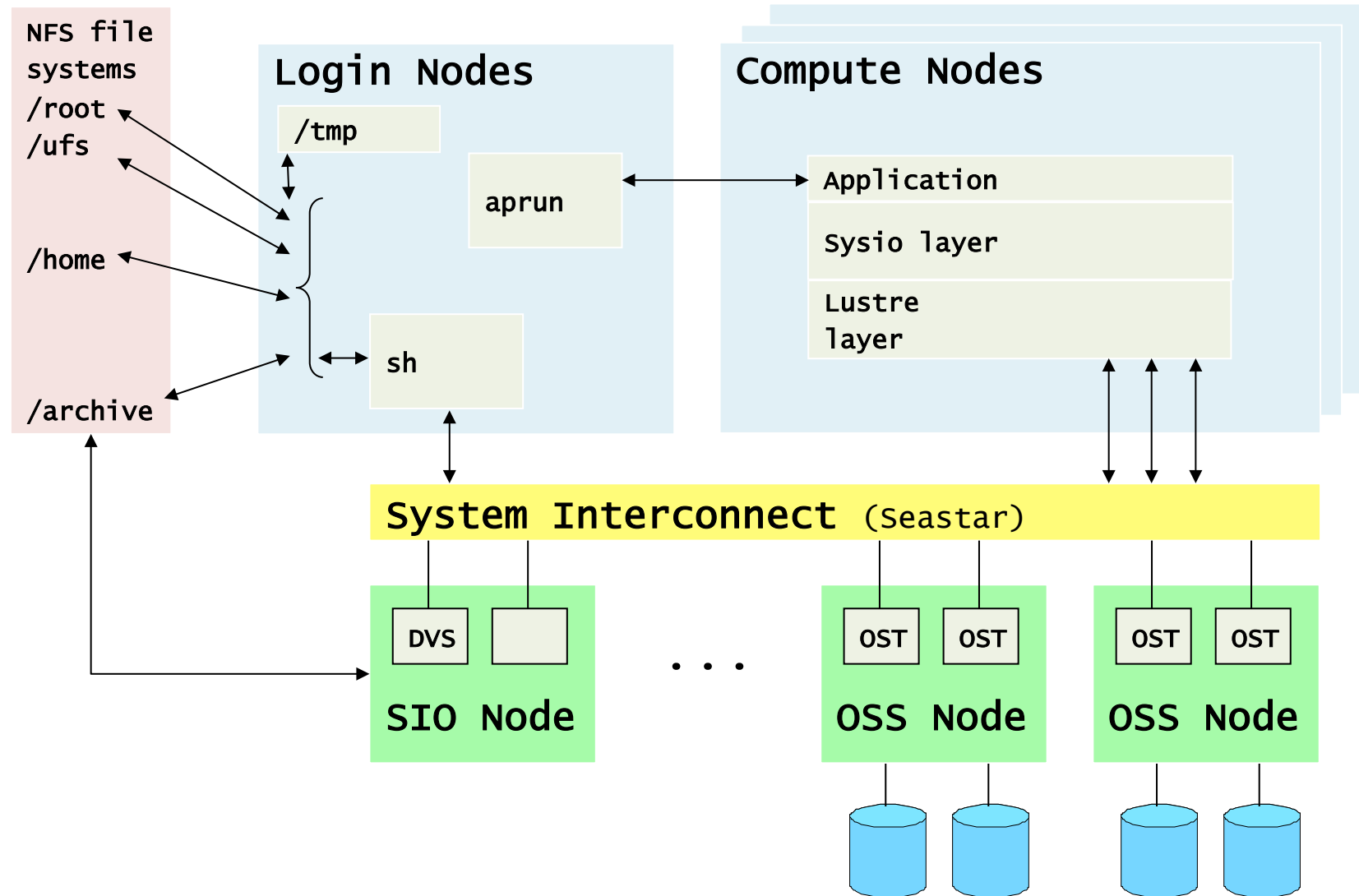


# I/O on Rosa



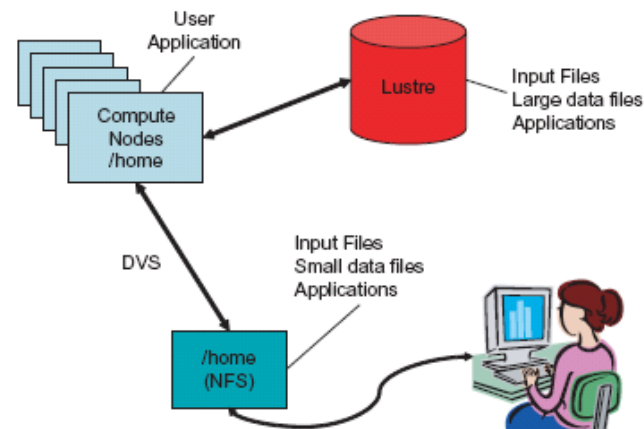
Jason Temple

# Cray XT I/O architecture

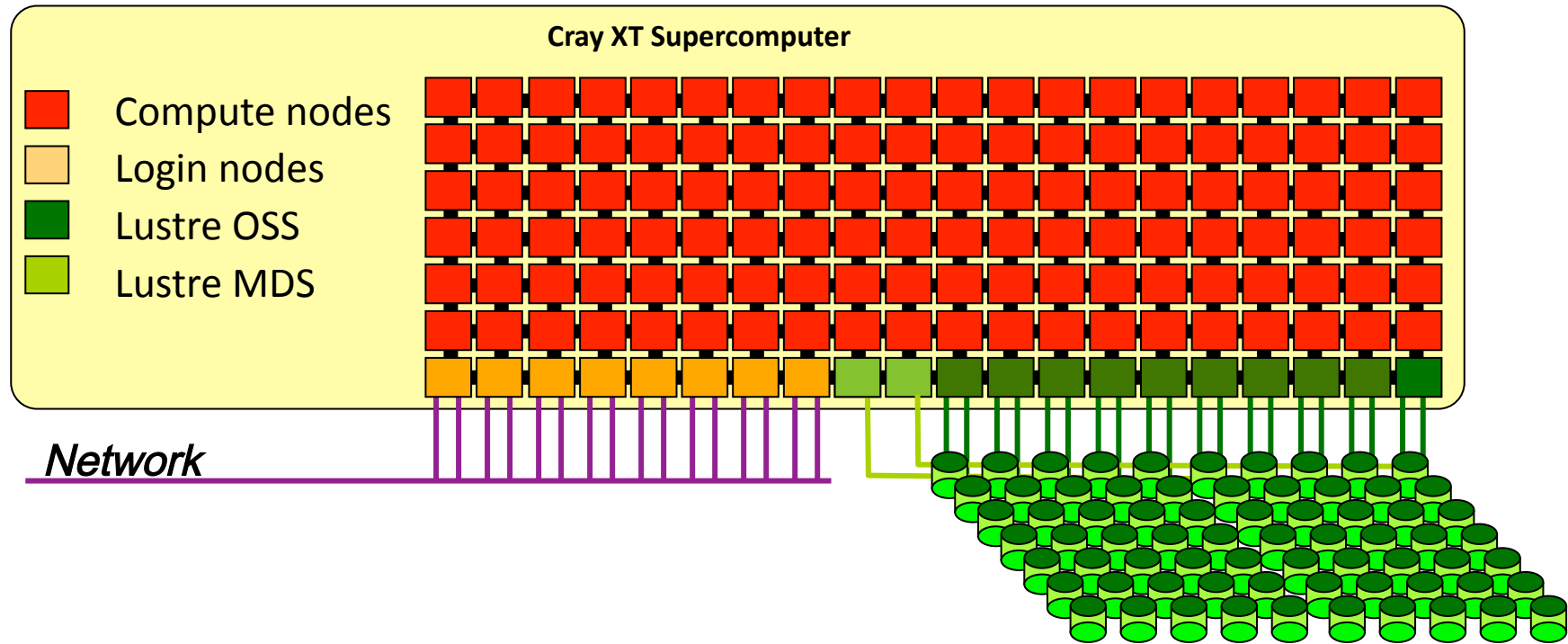


# Cray XT I/O architecture

- All I/O is offloaded to service nodes
- Lustre
  - High performance parallel I/O file system
  - Direct data transfer between compute nodes and files
- DVS
  - Virtualization service
  - Allows compute nodes to access NFS mounted on service node
- No local disks
- /tmp is a MEMORY file system, on each login node



# The Storage Environment



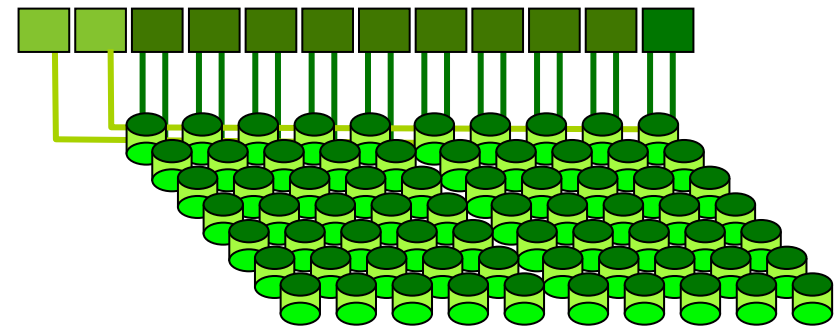
Lustre

high performance

parallel filesystem

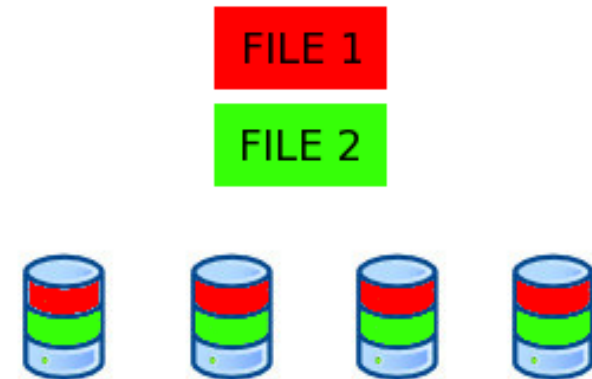
# lustre

- A scalable cluster file system for Linux
  - Developed by Cluster File Systems, Inc.
  - Name derives from “Linux Cluster”
  - The Lustre file system consists of software subsystems, storage, and an associated network
- **MDS** – metadata server
  - Handles information about files and directories (**MDT**)
- **OSS** – Object Storage Server
  - The hardware entity
  - The server node
  - Support multiple OSTs
- **OST** – Object Storage Target
  - The software entity
  - This is the software interface to the backend volume



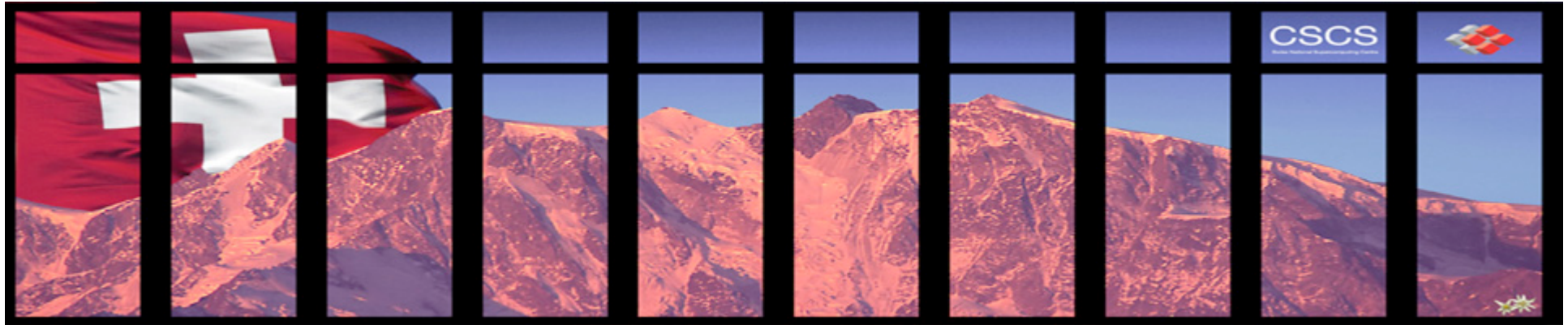
# Lustre File Striping

- A Stripe defines the number of OSTs to write the file across
  - Can be set on a per file or directory basis
- CRAY recommends that the default be set to
  - not striping across all OSTs, but
  - set default stripe count of one to four



- But not always the best for application performance.  
As a general rule of thumb :
  - If you have one large file: stripe over all OSTs
  - If you have a large number of files ( $\sim 2$  times #OSTs): turn off striping

# Rosa's Lustre Configuration



- 1 MetaData Server
- 20 Object Storage Servers
- 80 Object Storage Targets
- This filesystem is called **/scratch/rosa**
  
- No failover capability in this version (1.6)
- With the coming upgrade, failover will be available

Each OST is capable of writing up to 200MB/s

This gives us the ability to write an aggregate speed of

**16 GB/s !!!**

**ETH**

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Swiss National Supercomputing Centre



# Lustre lfs command

- lfs is a lustre utility that can be used to create a file with a specific striping pattern, displays file striping patterns, and find file locations

- The most used options are :

- lfs setstripe

- lfs getstripe

- lfs df

- For help execute lfs without any arguments

- `$ lfs`

- `lfs> help`

- Available commands are:

- setstripe

- find

- getstripe

- check

- .....

```
jtemple@rosa1:Fri Jun 11-11:06:~ > lfs df -h
UUID          bytes  Used Available Use% Mounted on
scratch-MDT0000_UUID  1.7T  5.6G  1.6T  0% /scratch/rosa[MDT:0]
scratch-OST0000_UUID  3.6T  1.8T  1.6T  49% /scratch/rosa[OST:0]
scratch-OST0001_UUID  3.6T  1.9T  1.5T  51% /scratch/rosa[OST:1]
scratch-OST0002_UUID  3.6T  1.8T  1.6T  49% /scratch/rosa[OST:2]
...
scratch-OST004d_UUID  3.6T  1.8T  1.6T  51% /scratch/rosa[OST:77]
scratch-OST004e_UUID  3.6T  1.9T  1.5T  51% /scratch/rosa[OST:78]
scratch-OST004f_UUID  3.6T  1.8T  1.6T  50% /scratch/rosa[OST:79]

filesystem summary:  286.2T  146.2T  125.5T  51% /scratch/rosa
```





# lfs setstripe

- Sets the stripe for a file or a directory
  - `lfssetstripe<file | dir><-s size><-i start><-c count>`
    - stripe size: Number of bytes on each OST (0 filesystem default)
    - stripe start: OST index of first stripe (-1 filesystem default)
    - stripe count: Number of OSTs to stripe over (0 default, -1 all)
  - Comments
    - The stripe of a file is given when the file is created. It is not possible to change it afterwards.
    - If needed, use `lfs` to create an empty file with the stripes you want (like the `touch` command)
  - Rosa /scratch configuration:
    - 80 OSTs
    - Default count: 4
    - Default size: 1MByte
- ```
jtemple@rosa1:Fri Jun 11-11:12:/scratch/rosa/jtemple > lfs getstripe .  
...  
./stripe_all  
stripe_count: -1 stripe_size: 0 stripe_offset: -1  
./stripe_one  
stripe_count: 1 stripe_size: 0 stripe_offset: -1  
./stripe_default  
(Default) stripe_count: 4 stripe_size: 1048576 stripe_offset: 0
```

# Lustre striping hints

- For maximum aggregate performance: **Keep all OSTs occupied**
- Many clients, many files: **Don't stripe**
  - If number of clients and/or number of files  $\gg$  number of OSTs:
  - Better to put each object (file) on only a single OST.
- Many clients, one file: **Do stripe**
  - When multiple processes are all accessing one large file:
  - Better to stripe that single file over all of the available OSTs.
- Some clients, few large files: **Do stripe**
  - When a few processes access large files in large chunks:
  - Stripe over enough OSTs to keep the OSTs busy on both write and read paths.



THANKS!



**ETH**

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